

SAFETY DATA SHEET

GHS

United States English (US)

Section 1. Product and company identification

Product name In case of emergency VANAX® TMTM

1-203-853-1400

Chemtrec: 1-800-424-9300 Vanderbilt Chemicals, LLC Supplier/Manufacturer

Outside US: +1-703-527-3887

30 Winfield Street Norwalk, CT 06855

Chemical name Thiodicarbonic diamide [(H2N)C(S)], tetramethyl

Synonym Tetramethylthiuram monosulfide

45768

Material uses Accelerator. Powder. **Product type**

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS

ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 substance or mixture

SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

GHS label elements

Code

Hazard pictograms



Signal word Warning

Hazard statements May form combustible dust concentrations in air.

Harmful if swallowed.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Precautionary statements

Prevention Wear protective gloves. Avoid breathing dust. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using

this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing

should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. Rinse

mouth. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing

before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.

Not applicable. Storage

Disposal Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and

international regulations.

Supplemental label

Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames elements

and other ignition sources. No smoking. Prevent dust accumulation.

5/23/2019 Validation date 6/25/2024 Date of previous issue 1/13

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazards not otherwise classified

Fine dust clouds may form explosive mixtures with air. Handling and/or processing of this material may generate a dust which can cause mechanical irritation of the eyes, skin. nose and throat.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

Substance

Ingredient name	CAS number	% by weight
tetramethylthiuram monosulfide	97-74-5	>98

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eve contact Immediate

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10

minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.

Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If

not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire.

symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical

surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash

contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean

shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and

keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention

immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt

or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits

may cause irritation of the eyes.

Inhalation Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits

may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.

Skin contact May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion Harmful if swallowed.

Validation date : 6/25/2024 Date of previous issue : 5/23/2019 2/13

Section 4. First aid measures

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Inhalation Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

Skin contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may

be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

Do not use water iet.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

Fine dust clouds may form explosive mixtures with air.

Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

In case of fire, use water spray (fog), foam, dry chemical or CO₂.

carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides

Special protective actions

for fire-fighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water

spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing

apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Validation date : 6/25/2024 Date of previous issue : 5/23/2019 3/13

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing dust. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid dust generation. Using a vacuum with HEPA filter will reduce dust dispersal. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Avoid creating dusty conditions and prevent wind dispersal. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Prevent dust accumulation. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Electrical equipment and lighting should be protected to appropriate standards to prevent dust coming into contact with hot surfaces, sparks or other ignition sources. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Validation date : 6/25/2024 Date of previous issue : 5/23/2019 4/13

Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

None.

Appropriate engineering controls

Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with sideshields. If operating conditions cause high dust concentrations to be produced, use dust goggles. Recommended: safety glasses with side-shields

Skin protection

Hand protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check

during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the

protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before

handling this product. Recommended: lab coat

Other skin protection Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a

specialist before handling this product.

 Validation date
 : 6/25/2024
 Date of previous issue
 : 5/23/2019
 5/13

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Respiratory protection

Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Recommended: Dust respirator.

Personal protective equipment (Pictograms)



Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Solid. [Powder.]

Color Yellow.

Odor Aromatic. [Slight]
Odor threshold Not available.

PH Not available.

Melting point 101°C (213.8°F)

Boiling point Not available.

Flash point Closed cup: >150°C (>302°F) [Pensky-Martens]

Burning timeNot available.Burning rateNot available.Evaporation rateNot available.Flammability (solid, gas)Not available.Lower and upper explosiveNot applicable.

(flammable) limits

Vapor pressure

Vapor density

Not available.

Not applicable.

1.38 g/cm³

Relative density 1.4

Solubility Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.

Solubility in water Not available.

Partition coefficient: n- 0.75

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature >200°C (>392°F)

Decomposition temperature Not available.

SADT Not available.

Viscosity Not available.

 Validation date
 : 6/25/2024
 Date of previous issue
 : 5/23/2019

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

ReactivityNo specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Prevent dust

accumulation.

Incompatible materials Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidizing materials

Hazardous decomposition

products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should

not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
tetramethylthiuram monosulfide	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>5.04 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rat Rat	>2000 mg/kg 690 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary

Skin tetramethylthiuram monosulfide: Non-irritating to the skin. (Rabbit)

Eyes tetramethylthiuram monosulfide: Non-irritating to the eyes. (Rabbit)

Sensitization

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
tetramethylthiuram monosulfide	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitizing

Mutagenicity

 Validation date
 : 6/25/2024
 Date of previous issue
 : 5/23/2019
 7/13

Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result
tetramethylthiuram monosulfide	OECD 471	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria	Negative
	OECD 489	Experiment: In vivo Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Routes of entry anticipated: Dermal, Inhalation.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure

limits may cause irritation of the eyes.

Inhalation Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure

limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.

Skin contact May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion Harmful if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Inhalation Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

Skin contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion No specific data.

Validation date : 6/25/2024 Date of previous issue : 5/23/2019 8/13

Section 11. Toxicological information

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Not available. **Potential immediate**

effects

Potential delayed effects Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
tetramethylthiuram monosulfide	Chronic NOAEL Oral	Rat	10 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary The presence of alcohol and this compound in the body may cause alcohol

intolerance (antabuse effect).

General Repeated or prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic respiratory irritation.

Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed

to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity No known significant effects or critical hazards. Mutagenicity No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Teratogenicity** No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Developmental effects** No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	500 mg/kg

Other information Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
tetramethylthiuram monosulfide	Acute EC50 1 mg/l	Algae	96 hours
	Acute EC50 2.9 mg/l Acute LC50 5.3 mg/l	Daphnia Fish	48 hours 96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
tetramethylthiuram monosulfide	OECD 301F	0 % - Not readily - 28 days	-	-

Validation date Date of previous issue 5/23/2019 6/25/2024

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
tetramethylthiuram	-	-	Not readily
monosulfide			-

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
VANAX® TMTM	0.75	-	Low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

Not available.

Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Section 14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
DOT Classification	UN3077	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (tetramethylthiuram monosulfide)	9	III	**************************************	Remarks Marine pollutant
TDG Classification	UN3077	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (tetramethylthiuram monosulfide)	9	III	1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 3 3 4 3 3 4 3	Remarks Marine pollutant

Validation date : 6/25/2024 Date of previous issue : 5/23/2019 10/13

VANAX® TMTM Product Code: 45768 **Section 14. Transport information** ADR/RID Class UN3077 ENVIRONMENTALLY Ш Remarks M **HAZARDOUS** Marine pollutant SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (tetramethylthiuram monosulfide) **IMDG Class** UN3077 ENVIRONMENTALLY Ш Remarks **HAZARDOUS** Marine pollutant SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (tetramethylthiuram monosulfide) ENVIRONMENTALLY Ш **IATA-DGR Class** UN3077 **HAZARDOUS** SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (tetramethylthiuram

PG*: Packing group

Section 15. Regulatory information

<u>United States Inventory (TSCA 8b)</u> All components are active or exempted.

monosulfide)

U.S. Federal regulations

TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

Classification COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS

ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
tetramethylthiuram monosulfide		ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

State regulations

MassachusettsNone of the components are listed.New YorkNone of the components are listed.New JerseyNone of the components are listed.PennsylvaniaNone of the components are listed.California Prop. 65None of the components are listed.

 Validation date
 : 6/25/2024
 Date of previous issue
 : 5/23/2019
 11/13

All components are listed or exempted.

Section 15. Regulatory information

International regulations

Australia Inventory (AIIC)

Canada Inventory

All components are listed or exempted.

All components are listed or exempted.

China Inventory (IECSC)

All components are listed or exempted.

Europe inventory

All components are listed or exempted.

All components are listed or exempted.

All components are listed or exempted.

Korea inventory (KECI)

All components are listed or exempted.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

(NZIoC)

Philippines Inventory (PICCS)

All components are listed or exempted.

Taiwan Chemical Substances

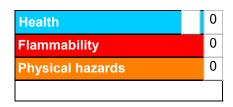
All components are listed or exempted.

Inventory (TCSI)

Inventory (TCSI)

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Identification System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

History

Date of printing6/25/2024Validation date6/25/2024Date of previous issue5/23/2019

Version 4

 Validation date
 : 6/25/2024
 Date of previous issue
 : 5/23/2019
 12/13

Section 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United Nations

References Not available.

Information contact Vanderbilt Global Services, LLC

Corporate Risk Management

1-203-295-2143

Visit www.vanderbiltchemicals.com for more information.

Notice to reader

Information presented herein has been compiled from sources considered to be dependable and is accurate and reliable to the best of our knowledge and belief but is not guaranteed to be so. Nothing herein is to be construed as recommending any practice or any product in violation of any patent or in violation of any law or regulation. It is the user's responsibility to determine for himself the suitability of any material for a specific purpose and to adopt such safety precautions as may be necessary. We make no warranty as to the results to be obtained in using any material and, since conditions of use are not under our control, we must necessarily disclaim all liability with respect to the use of any material supplied by us.

 Validation date
 : 6/25/2024
 Date of previous issue
 : 5/23/2019
 13/13