

SAFETY DATA SHEET

GHS

United States English (US)

Section 1. Product and company identification

Product name In case of emergency **VANLUBE® 692E**

1-203-853-1400

Code Chemtrec: 1-800-424-9300

> Outside US: +1-703-527-3887

30 Winfield Street Norwalk, CT 06855

Vanderbilt Chemicals, LLC

Chemical name Phosphate oil blend

dodecylaniline salt of butyl acid phosphate, dodecylaniline salt of methyl acid phosphate Synonym

oil blend

52508

Material uses Lubricant Additive

Product type Liquid.

Supplier/Manufacturer

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 substance or mixture

SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity:

70 - 90%

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation

toxicity: 100%

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word Warning

Combustible liquid. **Hazard statements**

Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Precautionary statements

Prevention Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection: Recommended: splash goggles.

> Keep away from flames and hot surfaces. - No smoking. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out

of the workplace.

Response IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before

reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. **Storage**

: 4/2/2021 Validation date 4/24/2024 Date of previous issue 1/14

Section 2. Hazards identification

Disposal

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and

international regulations.

Hazards not otherwise classified

not otherwise None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

Mixture

Ingredient name	CAS number	% by weight
Phosphoric acid, butyl ester, compds. with branched dodecylbenzenamine Phosphoric acid, methyl ester, compds. with branched dodecylbenzenamine petroleum process oil, <3.0% DMSO extractable material trimethyl phosphate	1412893-78-7 1412893-77-6 64742-52-5 512-56-1	35 - 45 35 - 45 18 <0.1

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact Immediately

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10

minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If

not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar,

tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash

contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean

shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and

keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately.

Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contactNo known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Validation date : 4/24/2024 Date of previous issue : 4/2/2021 2/14

Section 4. First aid measures

Eve contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering redness

Inhalation No specific data.

Skin contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> irritation redness

No specific data. Ingestion

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large Notes to physician

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may

Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash

contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising

from the chemical

Hazardous thermal

Combustible liquid. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a

Decomposition products may include the following materials:

subsequent explosion.

decomposition products

carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions

for fire-fighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water

spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing

apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

Date of previous issue : 4/2/2021 Validation date 4/24/2024

Section 6. Accidental release measures

For emergency responders

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

When stored at low temperatures, some crystallization or gelling may occur. The product may be re-liquified by agitation and heating at 40 to 50°C.

Validation date : 4/24/2024 Date of previous issue : 4/2/2021 4/14

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

None.

Appropriate engineering controls

Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles. Recommended: splash goggles

Skin protection

Hand protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Recommended: lab coat

Other skin protection

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended: Vapor and dust respirator.

Personal protective equipment (Pictograms)



Validation date : 4/24/2024 Date of previous issue : 4/2/2021 5/14

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Liquid.

Color Amber. [Dark]
Odor Not available.
Odor threshold Not available.
pH Not available.
Melting point Not available.
Boiling point Not available.

Flash point Closed cup: ≥65°C (≥149°F) [Pensky-Martens]

Burning time

Burning rate

Evaporation rate

Flammability (solid, gas)

Lower and upper explosive

Not applicable.

Not available.

Not available.

Not available.

(flammable) limits

Vapor pressure Not available.
Vapor density Not available.

Density 0.99 g/cm³ [15.6°C (60.1°F)]

Relative density 0.97

Solubility Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.

Solubility in water Not available.

Partition coefficient: n- Not applicable.

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature Not available.

Decomposition temperature Not available.

SADT Not available.

Viscosity Kinematic (room temperature): 126.78 cm²/s (12678 cSt) [at 25°C]

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

ReactivityNo specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld,

braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

Incompatible materialsReactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidizing materials

Hazardous decomposition

products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should

not be produced.

Validation date : 4/24/2024 Date of previous issue : 4/2/2021 6/14

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
petroleum process oil, <3.0% DMSO extractable material	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Phosphoric acid, butyl ester, compds. with branched dodecylbenzenamine	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
Phosphoric acid, methyl ester, compds. with branched dodecylbenzenamine	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
,	LD50 Oral	Rat	840 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary

Skin Phosphoric acid, butyl ester, compds. with branched dodecylbenzenamine: Non-

irritating to the skin. (Reconstructed Human Epidermis Test Method)

Phosphoric acid, methyl ester, compds. with branched dodecylbenzenamine:

Causes skin irritation. (Reconstructed Human Epidermis Test Method)

Eyes Phosphoric acid, butyl ester, compds. with branched dodecylbenzenamine: Non-

irritating to the eyes. (Bovine Corneal Opacity and Permeability Test Method)
Phosphoric acid, methyl ester, compds. with branched dodecylbenzenamine: Non-irritating to the eyes. (Bovine Corneal Opacity and Permeability Test Method)

Sensitization

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
Phosphoric acid, butyl ester, compds. with branched dodecylbenzenamine	skin	Mouse	Sensitizing
Phosphoric acid, methyl ester, compds. with branched dodecylbenzenamine	skin	Mouse	Sensitizing
petroleum process oil, <3.0% DMSO extractable material	skin	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing

Mutagenicity

Validation date : 4/24/2024 Date of previous issue : 4/2/2021 7/14

Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result
Phosphoric acid, butyl ester, compds. with branched dodecylbenzenamine	OECD 471	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria	Negative
Phosphoric acid, methyl ester, compds. with branched dodecylbenzenamine	OECD 471	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria	Negative

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely

Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation, Eyes.

routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact No known significant effects or critical hazards. Inhalation No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion May be harmful if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering redness

Inhalation No specific data.

Skin contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion No specific data.

Validation date 4/24/2024 Date of previous issue 4/2/2021

Section 11. Toxicological information

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
petroleum process oil, <3.0% DMSO extractable material	Sub-chronic LOAEL Oral	Rat	125 mg/kg (Based on tests of similar materials)	-

General Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed

to very low levels.

CarcinogenicityNo known significant effects or critical hazards.MutagenicityNo known significant effects or critical hazards.TeratogenicityNo known significant effects or critical hazards.Developmental effectsNo known significant effects or critical hazards.Fertility effectsNo known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	3125 mg/kg

Other information Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Phosphoric acid, butyl ester, compds. with branched dodecylbenzenamine	Acute EC50 1.1 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EL50 >1 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LL50 >100 mg/L No effect up to the limit of solubility.	Fish	96 hours
	Acute NOEC 0.58 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute NOELR 1 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute NOEL 100 mg/L No effect up to the limit of solubility.	Fish	96 hours
Phosphoric acid, methyl ester, compds. with branched dodecylbenzenamine	Acute EL50 3.6 mg/l	Algae	72 hours

Validation date : 4/24/2024 Date of previous issue : 4/2/2021 9/14

Section 12. Ecological information

Acute EL50 0.71 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
Acute LL50 >100 mg/L No effect up to	Fish	96 hours
the limit of solubility.		
Acute NOELR <0.32 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
Acute NOELR 0.2 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
Acute NOEL 100 mg/L No effect up to	Fish	96 hours
the limit of solubility.		
the limit of solubility. Acute NOELR <0.32 mg/l Acute NOELR 0.2 mg/l Acute NOEL 100 mg/L No effect up to	Algae Daphnia	72 hours 48 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
Phosphoric acid, butyl ester, compds. with branched dodecylbenzenamine	OECD 301B	0 % - Not readily - 28 days	-	-
Phosphoric acid, methyl ester, compds. with branched dodecylbenzenamine	OECD 301B	0 % - Not readily - 28 days	-	-
petroleum process oil, <3.0% DMSO extractable material	Based on tests of similar materials	2 to 4 % - Not readily - 28 days	-	-

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Phosphoric acid, butyl ester, compds. with branched dodecylbenzenamine Phosphoric acid, methyl ester, compds. with branched dodecylbenzenamine	-	-	Not readily Not readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Phosphoric acid, butyl ester, compds. with branched dodecylbenzenamine Phosphoric acid, methyl	1.51	-	Low
ester, compds. with branched dodecylbenzenamine			

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

Not available.

Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Validation date : 4/24/2024 Date of previous issue : 4/2/2021 10/14

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Section 14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
DOT Classification	Not regulated.	-	-	-		Remarks For bulk (> 119 gallons) packages, this material is regulated under U. S. Department of Transportation regulations for domestic shipments. Its proper shipping description is NA 1993, combustible liquid, n.o.s., PG III.
TDG Classification	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-
ADR/RID Class	UN3082	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (dodecylaniline salt of butyl acid phosphate, dodecylaniline salt of methyl acid phosphate)	9	III	1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	Remarks Marine pollutant
	24/2024		4/2/2024			

Validation date : 4/24/2024 Date of previous issue : 4/2/2021 11/14

VANLUBE® 692E			Product Code: 52508			
Section 14. Transport information						
IMDG Class	UN3082	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (dodecylaniline salt of butyl acid phosphate, dodecylaniline salt of methyl acid phosphate)	9	III		Remarks Marine pollutant
IATA-DGR Class	UN3082	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (dodecylaniline salt of butyl acid phosphate, dodecylaniline salt of methyl acid phosphate)	9	III		-

PG*: Packing group

Section 15. Regulatory information

United States Inventory (TSCA 8b) All comp

All components are active or exempted.

U.S. Federal regulations

TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined TSCA 8(c) calls for record of SAR: trimethyl phosphate

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

Classification FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4

SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
Phosphoric acid, butyl ester, compds. with branched dodecylbenzenamine	35 - 45	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B
Phosphoric acid, methyl ester, compds. with branched dodecylbenzenamine	35 - 45	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B

State regulations

Massachusetts The following components are listed: OIL MIST, MINERAL

New York

None of the components are listed.

New Jersey

None of the components are listed.

Pennsylvania

None of the components are listed.

California Prop. 65

Validation date : 4/24/2024 Date of previous issue : 4/2/2021 12/14

Section 15. Regulatory information



WARNING: This product can expose you to Trimethyl phosphate, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www. P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name No significant risk Maximum

level acceptable dosage

level

Trimethyl phosphate Yes. -

International regulations

Australia Inventory (AIIC) All components are listed or exempted.

Canada Inventory At least one component is not listed in DSL but all such components are listed

in NDSL.

Not determined.

China Inventory (IECSC)

All components are listed or exempted.

Korea inventory (KECI)

All components are listed or exempted.

Phosphoric acid, butyl ester, compds. with branched dodecylbenzenamine (CAS 1412893-78-7) K-REACH Registration Number: 04-2007-00462. Phosphoric acid, methyl ester, compds. with branched dodecylbenzenamine (CAS 1412893-77-6) K-REACH Registration Number: 04-2007-00461.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

(NZIoC)

All components are listed or exempted.

Philippines Inventory (PICCS)

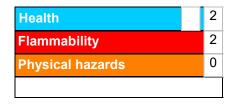
Taiwan Chemical Substances

Inventory (TCSI)

All components are listed or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Identification System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Validation date : 4/24/2024 Date of previous issue : 4/2/2021 13/14

Section 16. Other information



Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

History

Date of printing4/24/2024Validation date4/24/2024Date of previous issue4/2/2021

Version 9

Key to abbreviations ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United Nations

References Not available.

Information contact Vanderbilt Global Services, LLC

Corporate Risk Management

1-203-295-2143

Visit www.vanderbiltchemicals.com for more information.

Notice to reader

Information presented herein has been compiled from sources considered to be dependable and is accurate and reliable to the best of our knowledge and belief but is not guaranteed to be so. Nothing herein is to be construed as recommending any practice or any product in violation of any patent or in violation of any law or regulation. It is the user's responsibility to determine for himself the suitability of any material for a specific purpose and to adopt such safety precautions as may be necessary. We make no warranty as to the results to be obtained in using any material and, since conditions of use are not under our control, we must necessarily disclaim all liability with respect to the use of any material supplied by us.

Validation date : 4/24/2024 Date of previous issue : 4/2/2021 14/14